Brokerage Accredited Investor Verification Form for SEC Rule 506C



- Definition of Accredited Investor: The financial professional and Coastal Equities, Inc. will adopt the definition of an accredited investor as outlined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933. The definition includes, but is not limited to, individuals with a net worth exceeding \$1 million (excluding their primary residence) or an annual income exceeding \$200,000 (\$300,000 for joint income). For entities, any organization with total assets exceeding \$5 million, such as corporations, partnerships, LLC's and trusts and for entities with total assets of less than \$5 million that all owners are individually accredited investors.
- Accreditation Verification Methods: The financial professional and Coastal Equities, Inc. will use one or more of the following methods to verify the accredited status of potential investors:
 - o Review of Financial Documents: The financial professional and Coastal Equities, Inc. may request and review financial documents, such as tax returns, bank statements, brokerage statements, or other similar records that demonstrate an investor's income or net worth.
 - Written Representation: The financial professional and Coastal Equities, Inc. may require investors to complete an accredited investor questionnaire or certification, which includes representations regarding their accredited status and the basis for such representation.
 - Third-Party Verification: The company may engage the services of a reliable third-party, such as a registered broker-dealer, attorney, or certified public accountant (CPA), to independently verify an investor's accredited status.
 - Other Reasonable Methods: The company may employ other reasonable methods to verify an investor's accredited status, provided that they
 are appropriate and sufficient to establish the investor's eligibility.
- Ongoing Accreditation Verification: The financial professional and Coastal Equities, Inc. will periodically review and update the accredited status of investors throughout the offering period. If there are indications or changes that suggest an investor may no longer meet the accredited investor criteria, the company will take steps to re-verify their status and ensure ongoing compliance.

| CLIENT/ACCOUNT INFORMATION | | |
|--|--|--|
| DD 11 | | DD. II |
| RR Name | | RR No. |
| Customer Name(s) | | |
| BY SIGNING BELOW, I ACKNOWLEDGE THE FOL | LOWING: | |
| This Accreditation Form for SEC Rule 506(c) Offerings accredited status of potential investors and maintain coprocedures and controls to ensure the accuracy and reregulations. I/We have read and carefully reviewed the SEC Rule redetermine whether an individual(s) or entity is accredite. I/We have attested and verified that the annual income. I/We have provided and reviewed bank statements, be report from a national agency, balance sheet created be 1040. This is not every document that can be used for | ompliance with the requirements of Rule seliability of the verification process while a egarding 506(c) Offerings and fully under sed. The or net worth needed to qualify as an accordance statements, certificates of depay the Verification Provider, audited finance | 506(c). The company will implement appropriate adhering to applicable securities laws and restand the need to verify the information necessary to credited investor has been met. cosit, tax assessments, third party appraisals, credit cial statements, tax forms to include W2 or 1099, K1, |
| Account Owner Signature | Printed Name | Date |
| Joint Account Owner Signature | Printed Name | Date |
| Financial Professional Signature | Printed Name | Date |
| COASTAL INTERNAL USE ONLY | | |
| Registered Principal Signature | Printed Name | Date |



Accreditation Policy - 506c

CoastalOne offers advisors and their end-clients two (2) options regarding the accreditation verification method required under SEC Rule 506c.

Third-Party Attestation Method – This verification method requires CoastalOne to receive a signed, third-party attestation from a certified public accountant, licensed attorney, a non-Coastal registered broker-dealer, or a non-Coastal registered financial professional. This third-party attestation must specifically attest to the net worth, income, or other criteria the third-party is relying on to offer their attestation. This attestation must be in writing, can be delivered to CoastalOne via electronic means, and should be dated within one year.

Accredited Investor Verification Form Method - This method requires you and your customer attest on the CoastalOne Accredited Investor Verification Form that the income and/or net worth requirements to qualify as an accredited investor have been met, and that you and your customer have carefully reviewed SEC Rule 506c. As a CoastalOne financial professional providing this verification, you are required to review certain relevant documentation regarding the investor you are offering your verification on behalf of. This Verification Form must be completed by the client and the advisor and should be submitted with every 506c alternative transaction that is submitted. This form is valid for one year from the date of signing.

Note that the supporting documentation an advisor utilizes to verify a client's accreditation status must be retained in the client file by the financial professional, however it SHOULD NOT be sent to CoastalOne along with the completed Verification From.

To assist you and your customer with this method of verification, including the required documents a financial professional must review prior to signing the Investor Verification Form, we provide the range of income and net worth requirements just below. A customer <u>must meet one of the below</u>, relevant to the customer type, in order to meet the accreditation requirements for participation in a 506c program.

- Natural Person whose individual net worth, or joint net worth with the investor's spouse, at the time of purchase exceeds \$1,000,000 (excludes primary residence). Net worth is determined by subtracting total liabilities from total assets.
 - Documents dated within the last 3 months to verify assets including, but not limited to: bank statements, brokerage statements, certificates of deposit, tax assessments, third-party appraisals; and
 - Documents dated within the past 3 months to verify liabilities including a credit report of a nationwide credit reporting agency.
- Natural Person who had an individual income in excess of \$200,000 in the two most recent years or joint
 income with the investor's spouse in excess of \$300,000 in each of those years, and, in either case, has a
 reasonable expectation of reaching the same income level in the current year.
 - IRS tax reporting documents showing income, including, but not limited to IRS Forms W-2, 1099, K-1, and 1040.

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- Tax Exempt Organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Tax Code, a corporation, or similar business trust or partnership which was not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the investment, and which has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000.
 - Documentation includes audited financial statements dated within the past three months (or older audited financial statements together with interim unaudited statements dated within the last 3 months) showing total assets in excess of \$5,000,000.
- Trust with total assets of \$5,000,000, and decision to purchase the shares is directed by a "sophisticated person" as defined in Rule 506(c)(2)(ii) under Reg D of the Securities Act.
 - Documentation includes trust organizational documents.
- Revocable trust and the grantor or settlor of such trust is an accredited investor.
 - Documentation includes trust organizational documents.
- **Entity** in which all equity owners are Accredited Investors.
 - Documentation includes organizational or other documents to substantiate accredited investor status.
 Each equity owner must provide and be accredited; please see documentation for verification of natural persons in the first or second bullet point referencing a Natural Person.
- The investor is a "bank" as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act or any "savings and loan association" or other institution as defined in Section 3(a)(5)(A) of the Securities Act, whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity (this includes a trust for which a bank acts as trustee and exercises investment discretion with respect to the trust's decision to invest in the Fund)
 - Organizational or other documents.

• Insurance Company

- Organizational or other documents.
- The investor is an "investment company" registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the
 "Investment Company Act") or a "business development company" as defined in Section (2)(48) of the
 Investment Company Act.
 - Investment Company organizational documents.
- The investor is a **Small Business Investment Company** licensed by the U.S. Small Business Administration under Section 301(c) or (d) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958.
 - Investment Company organizational documents.
- The investor is a plan, established and maintained by a state, its political subdivisions, or any agency or
 instrumentality of a state or its political subdivisions, for the benefit of its employees and such plan has total
 assets in excess of \$5,000,000.
 - o Plan organizational documents, along with documents to verify total assets, such as financials.
- The investor is a "private business development company" as defined in Section 202(a)(22) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.
 - Business Development Company organizational documents.

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- The investor is an **employee benefit plan** within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), as amended, if the investment decision is made by a plan fiduciary (as defined in section 3(21) of ERISA), which is either a bank, savings and loan association, insurance company, or registered investment adviser, or if the employee benefit plan has total assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or, if a self-directed plan, with investment decisions made solely by persons who are accredited investors.
 - Plan organizational documents, along organizational documents for the fiduciary, financial documents showing total assets in excess of \$5,000,000, or accreditation documents of natural persons (see the first or second bullet point referencing a Natural Person) in the case of a self-directed plan.
- The investor is a "knowledgeable employee" of a private securities fund, as determined by that particular fund.
 - Signed acknowledgement by an executive, officer, or director of the fund, on fund letterhead, verifying that the investor is a "knowledgeable employee."
- The investor is an executive officer, director, trustee, general partner, advisory board member or person serving in a similar capacity of the issuer or an affiliated management person; or
 - O Documents (publicly available or internal information) such as securities filings, research reports, governing documents, resolutions, or other certificates proving that the investor is such.
- The investor is a SEC- and/or state-registered investment adviser, general securities representative or private securities offering representative. The current requisite designations include individuals that maintain Series 7, Series 65 or Series 82 licenses in good standing with their relevant member firm.
 - o Provide FINRA CRD number to confirm investor holds a relevant license in good standing.

By receiving this document, you acknowledge that a 506c program Subscription Agreement will not be accepted if either a valid third-party attestation, or completed Accredited Investor Verification Form are not submitted with the agreement.

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